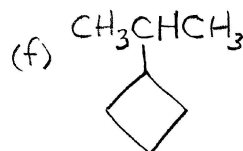
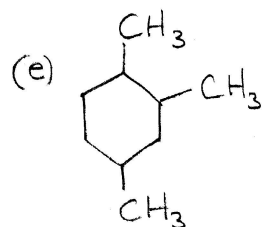
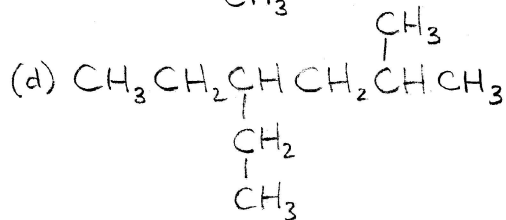
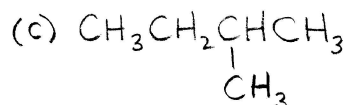
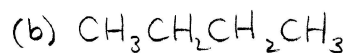
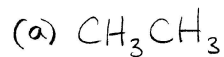


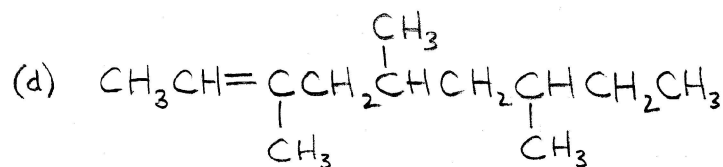
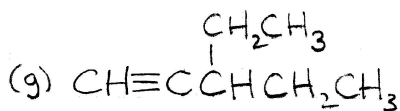
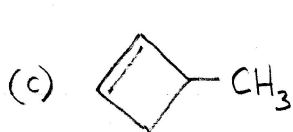
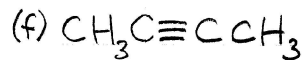
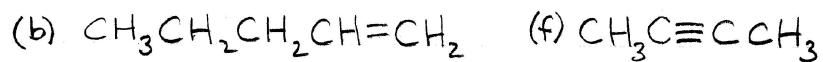
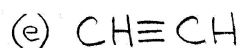
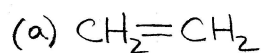
PART A: ORGANIC NOMENCLATURE (these are also the answers to part B)

Give the systematic name for each compound.

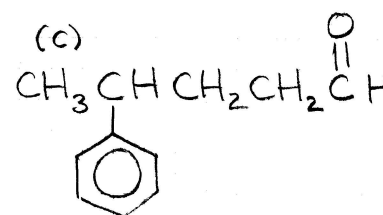
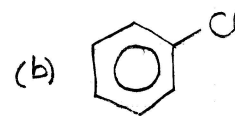
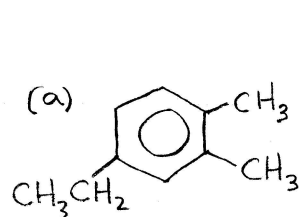
ALKANES



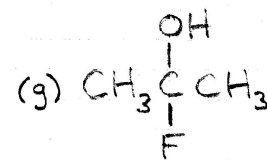
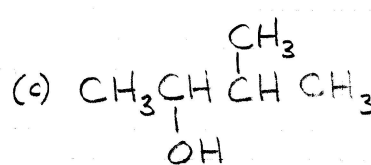
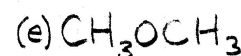
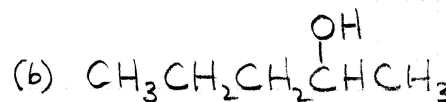
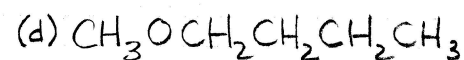
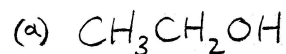
ALKENES and ALKYNES

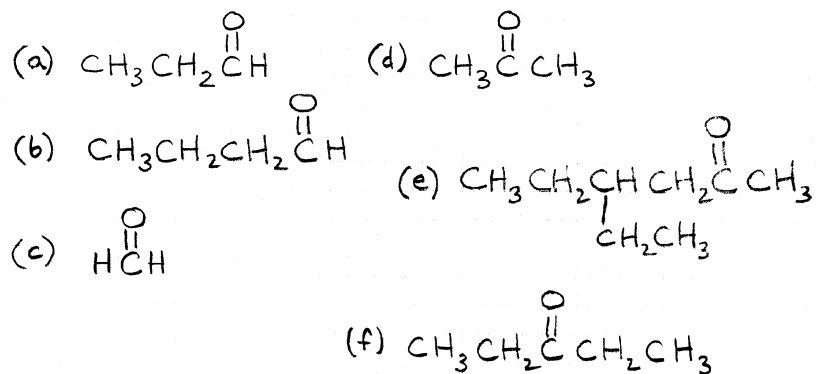
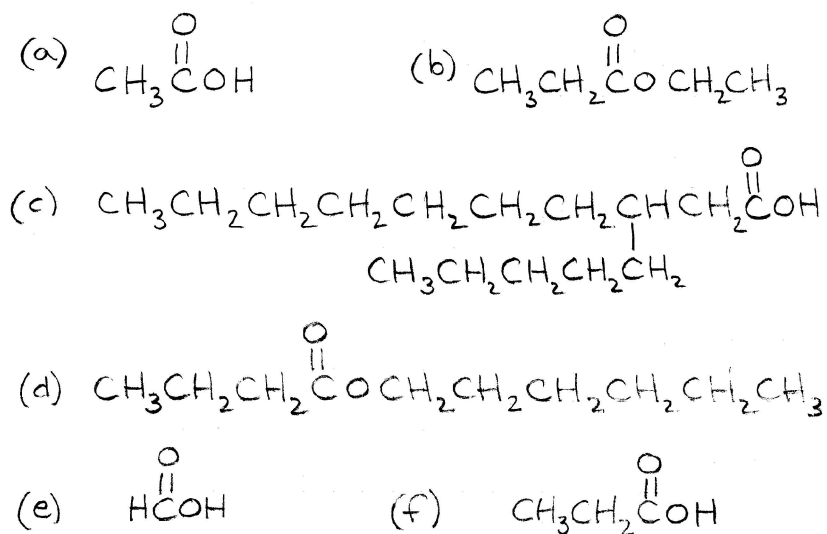
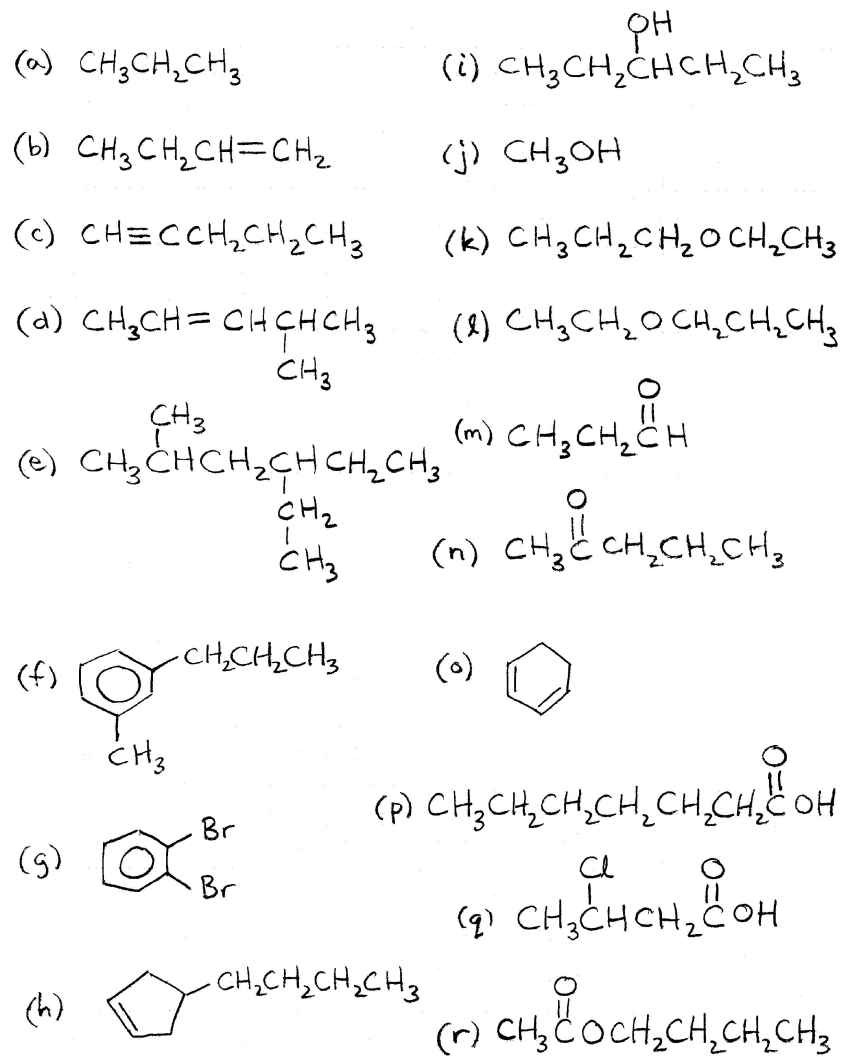


AROMATICS



ALCOHOLS and ETHERS



ALDEHYDES and KETONESCARBOXYLIC ACIDS and ESTERSALL

PART B: ORGANIC STRUCTURES (these are also the answers to part A)

Draw the structure for each compound.

ALKANES

- (a) ethane
- (b) butane
- (c) 2-methylbutane
- (d) 4-ethyl-2-methylhexane
- (e) 1,2,4-trimethylcyclohexane
- (f) isopropylcyclobutane

ALKENES and ALKYNES

- (a) ethene
- (b) pent-1-ene
- (c) 3-methylcyclobut-1-ene
- (d) 3,5,7-trimethylnon-2-ene
- (e) ethyne
- (f) but-2-yne
- (g) 3-ethylpent-1-yne

AROMATICS

- (a) 4-ethyl-1,2-dimethylbenzene
- (b) chlorobenzene
- (c) 4-phenylpentanal

ALCOHOLS and ETHERS

- (a) ethanol
- (b) pentan-2-ol
- (c) 3-methylbutan-2-ol
- (d) 1-methoxybutane
- (e) methoxymethane
- (f) 1-ethoxypropane
- (g) 2-fluoropropan-2-ol

ALDEHYDE and KETONES

- (a) propanal
- (b) butanal
- (c) methanal
- (d) propan-2-one
- (e) 4-ethylhexan-2-one
- (f) pentan-3-one

CARBOXYLIC ACIDS and ESTERS

- (a) ethanoic acid
- (b) ethyl propanoate
- (c) 3-pentyldecanoic acid
- (d) hexyl butanoate
- (e) methanoic acid
- (f) propanoic acid

ALL

- (a) propane
- (b) but-1-ene
- (c) pent-1-yne
- (d) 4-methylpent-2-ene
- (e) 4-ethyl-2-methylhexane
- (f) 1-methyl-3-propylbenzene
- (g) 1,2-dibromobenzene
- (h) 4-butylcyclopent-1-ene
- (i) pentan-3-ol
- (j) methanol
- (k) 1-ethoxypropane
- (l) 1-ethoxypropane
- (m) propanal
- (n) pentan-2-one
- (o) cyclohexa-1,3-diene
- (p) heptanoic acid
- (q) 3-chlorobutanoic acid
- (r) butyl ethanoate

PART C: REACTIONS INVOLVING ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

- Draw the structural diagram equation for each chemical reaction.
 - Include any necessary conditions.
 - Name the product(s).
-
- (a) Dehydration of propan-2-ol.
 - (b) Hydrogenation of pent-1-ene.
 - (c) Esterification between methanoic acid and butan-1-ol.
 - (d) Controlled oxidation of hexan-3-ol.
 - (e) Chlorination (halogenation with chlorine) of ethene.
 - (f) Combustion of acetone.
 - (g) Substitution reaction on 1-methylcyclopentan-1-ol using hydrogen bromide.
 - (h) Hydration of cyclohexene.
 - (i) Neutralization of heptanoic acid using potassium hydroxide.
 - (j) Hydrohalogenation of but-1-ene using hydrogen chloride.
 - (k) Controlled oxidation of propanal.
 - (l) Hydrogenation of butan-2-one.
 - (m) Substitution reaction on benzene using bromine.
 - (n) Synthesis of methoxymethane from methanol.
 - (o) Treating ethyl propanoate with lithium hydroxide.